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Analytical and Numerical Tools for the Study of Normally Hyperbolic Invariant Manifolds in Hamiltonian Systems and their Associated Dynamics

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DDAYS 2008

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Parallel Computation of Normal Forms

Effective Computation of Scattering Maps

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Arnold's Diffusion

Spatial RTBP



Figure: The five equilibrium points of the RTBP.

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Spatial RTBP

- L_1 and L_2 are center \times center \times saddle.
- ► \exists Normally hyperbolic center manifold \land (locally).
- ► \exists Stable/unstable invariant manifolds $W^{s}(\Lambda)$, $W^{u}(\Lambda)$.

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Question: Arnold's diffusion? Symbolic dynamics? Mission design?

Parallel Computation of Normal Forms

- Normal form of Hamiltonian system around equilibrium point.
- Efficiency of normal form methods: time and memory.

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- 2 assymptotic scenarios:
 - ODE setting (hard limit: time).
 - PDE setting (hard limit: memory).
- Parallel algorithm.
- Implementation (based on À. Jorba).

Parallel Computation of Normal Forms: Results



Figure: Computation time (in seconds) vs. normal form degree.

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Scattering Map: Definition [DLIS]

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$$S: \Lambda \to \Lambda$$
, $S(x_-) = x_+$.



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Local Approximation of Dynamics

High-order truncated normal form around L:

$$H = H_N(q_1p_1, q_2, p_2, q_3, p_3) + R_{N+1}.$$

Normally hyperbolic center manifold Λ.



Local Approximation of Dynamics

High-order truncated normal form around L:

$$H = H_N(q_1p_1, q_2, p_2, q_3, p_3) + R_{N+1}.$$

Local st/unst invariant manifolds

 $W_{\rm loc}^{s}(\Lambda), W_{\rm loc}^{u}(\Lambda).$

Local st/unst preserved fibres

 $W_{\text{loc}}^{s}(x_{+}), W_{\text{loc}}^{u}(x_{-}).$

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Numerical Globalization

- Numerical integration of RTBP (RK-PD order 8-9).
- Global st/unst invariant manifolds

 $W^{s}(\Lambda), W^{u}(\Lambda).$

Preservation of fibres:

$$x \in W^{s}(x_{+}) \Rightarrow \varphi^{t}(x) \in W^{s}(\varphi^{t}(x_{+})).$$

Global st/unst preserved fibres

 $W^{s}(x_{+}), W^{u}(x_{-}).$

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Homoclinic Intersection $W^{s}(\Lambda) \cap W^{u}(\Lambda)$

Globalize st/unst manifolds up to a surface of section.



Homoclinic Intersection $W^{s}(\Lambda) \cap W^{u}(\Lambda)$

 Numerical intersection using Newton's method (J. Masdemont).



Parallel computation.

Reduced Scattering Map

► Homoclinic intersection + fibers ⇒ Scattering map

$$S: \Lambda \to \Lambda$$
 3D.

► 2D Poincaré section $\Sigma \subset \Lambda$



Figure: Poincaré section $\Sigma = \{(\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \alpha) \in \Lambda \mid \varphi_1 = 0\}$

Reduced scattering map

 $S: \Sigma \to \Sigma$ 2D.

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Figure: An invariant torus and its image under the scattering map.

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Arnold's Diffusion (with M. Gidea)

Low-dimensional model:

Inner map

 $T \colon \Sigma \to \Sigma.$

Outer map

 $S: \Sigma \to \Sigma.$

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Topological Shadowing

Lemma

Let $\{R_i\}$ be a sequence of 2D windows on Σ . Assume the following:

1. $\forall i$, window R_{2i} is correctly aligned with window R_{2i+1} under the outer map *S*.

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2. $\forall i$, window R_{2i+1} is correctly aligned with window R_{2i+2} under some iterate of the inner map *T*.

Then, \exists a true orbit passing near all the windows.

Correctly Aligned Windows



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Correctly Aligned Windows



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- R. de la Llave
- J. Masdemont

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M. Gidea